

Phu Nhuan Jewelry (PNJ)

Navigating the limited supply of 24K gold bars

90.7%

49.0% VIETFUND (9.16%)

78.6/3.1

December 11, 2024	Analyst Nguyen Hoang Duy Anh anhnhd@kbsec.com.vn
In 3Q2024, PNJ reported its lowest NPAT in three years, with a 14.8% YoY decline	In 3Q2024, PNJ recorded net revenue of VND7,225 billion (+3.1% YoY), achieving 78.7% of its full-year target. Gross profit reached VND1,251 billion, corresponding to a gross profit margin of 17.5% (up 0.2ppts YoY), driven by decreased contribution from lower-margin gold bar sales. NPAT stood at VND216 billion, down 14.8% YoY, due to a 70% increase in corporate income tax, which rose to VND102 billion.
24K gold bar supply was constrained in the third quarter	24K gold bar sales totaled VND10,264 billion in 9M2024, up 43.5% YoY, reflecting robust trading activity in 1H2024. However, 3Q2024 revenue from this segment plummeted by 48.2% YoY to VND1,087 billion due to growing demand for gold stockpiling amid global geopolitical tensions.
Retail and wholesale sales showed robust growth	Retail sales in 3Q2024 exceeded VND4,991 billion, up 22.3% YoY. PNJ opened 16 new stores and closed 3 poor-performing ones during the third quarter. The retail segment continued to grow thanks to PNJ's efforts to seize market opportunities by expanding its store network and engage customers through targeted marketing strategies and sales programs. Additionally, wholesale revenue also surged 30.2% YoY as wholesale customers shifted towards reputable manufacturers like PNJ.
We upgrade PNJ to BUY with a target price of VND115,100/share	We forecast PNJ will obtain net revenue of VND33,237 billion (–12.1% YoY) and NPAT of VND2,619 billion (+26.2% YoY). Given the long-term growth prospects of the retail segment, we upgrade PNJ to BUY for 2025 with a target price of VND115,100 per share, 18.9% higher than the closing price on December 11, 2024.



Target price	VND115,100
Upside	18.9%
Current price (Dec 11, 2024)	VND96,800
Consensus target price	VND117,600
Market cap (VNDtn/USDbn)	32.6/1.3

FY-end	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
Net revenue (VNDbn)	33,876	33,137	37,819	33,237
Operating income/loss (VNDbn)	2,406	2,607	2,758	3,389
NPAT-MI (VNDbn)	1,811	1,971	2,076	2,619
EPS (VND)	5,973	6,009	6,325	7,980
EPS growth (%)	32.0			
		0.6	5.2	26.2
P/E (x)	16.2	16.1	15.3	12.1
P/B (x)	3.8	3.5	3.1	2.8
ROE (%)	21.4	20.1	19.4	21.8
Dividend yield (%)	2.6	1.4	2.1	2.1

Trading data

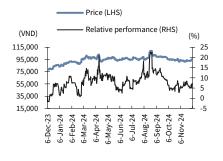
Foreign ownership

Major shareholder

3M avg trading value (VNDbn/USDmn)

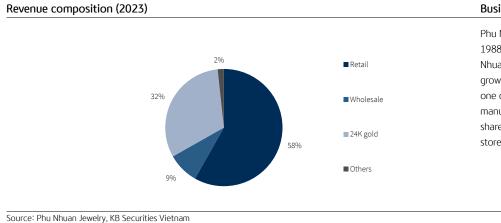
Free float

(%)	1M	3M	6M	12M
Absolute	1.8	-3.6	1.1	19.9
Relative	1.3	-3.1	2.3	7.3



Source: Bloomberg, KB Securities Vietnam





Business operation

Phu Nhuan Jewelry (PNJ) was established in 1988, initially operating under the name Phu Nhuan Gold and Silver. With over 35 years of growth and development, PNJ has become one of Vietnam's leading companies in jewelry manufacturing and trading, with a market share of 30% and a network of more than 400 stores nationwide.

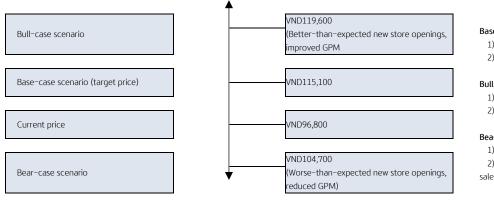
Investment Catalysts	Notes
The retail segment remains PNJ's main growth engine, with a strong focus on expanding its store network in the northern region.	Please find more details below
The retail segment has not experienced supply shortages, as the primary supply comes from repurchasing gold jewelry at around 70% of the previous invoice value.	Please find more details below
The supply of 24K gold bars is constrained due to increased demand for gold stockpiling among individuals.	Please find more details below

Revised earnings estimates

(VNDbn)	KBS	KBSV estimates Change vs previous es		us estimates	imates Consensus*			
	2024E	2025E	2024E	2025E	2024E	2025E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	37,819	33,237	0%	-21%	38,094	36,970	-1%	-10%
EBIT	2,758	3,389	-6%	0%	2,663	3,140	4%	8%
NP after MI	2,076	2,619	-7%	1%	2,110	2,477	-2%	6%

Source: Bloomberg, KB Securities Vietnam

Investment opinion & risks



Base-case scenario: catalysts 1) Open 35 new stores in 2025-2028 2) 2025F GPM: 22.9%

Bull-case scenario: upside risk 1) Open 40 new stores in 2025-2028 2) 2025F GPM:23.3%

Bear-case scenario: downside risk

1) Open 25 new stores in 2025-2028 2) 2025F GPM:21.9% due to limited supply for retail sales

Business performance

Revenue growth was largely driven by retail and wholesale segments

PNJ reported net revenue of VND32,371 billion in the first 10 months of 2024 (+22.7% YoY), with 24K gold bar sales increasing by 33.9% YoY, driven by a vibrant gold market in 1H2024. Meanwhile, retail sales sustained growth of 16.5% YoY, and wholesale sales surged by 32.7% YoY. NPAT for 10M2024 reached VND1,600 billion, up 4.4% YoY, achieving 76.6% of the full-year target.

(VNDbn)	3Q2023	3Q2024	+/-%YoY	9M2023	9M2024	+/-%YoY	Notes
Revenue	6,991	7,130	2.0%	23,377	29,242	25.1%	
– Retail sales	4,083	4,991	22.3%	13,629	15,937	16.9%	PNJ invests in expanding its store network and engaging customers through targeted marketing strategies and sales programs, aiming to grow its client base and boost customer retention.
– 24K gold bar sales	2,100	1,087	-48.2%	7,153	10,264	43.5%	24K gold bar sales decreased sharply due to limited supply.
- Wholesale sales	630	965	53.2%	2,127	2,778	30.6%	Wholesale revenue surged as wholesale customers increasingly shifted their demand towards established and transparent manufacturers.
Gross profit	1,198	1,251	4.4%	4,307	4,881	13.3%	3Q2024 GPM improved thanks to a sharp fall in
Gross profit margin	17.1%	17.5%	0.4ppts	18.4%	16.7%	-1.7ppts	revenue contribution from 24K gold sales, which fell to 15.2%.
Financial income	27	25	-7.5%	77	47	-38.9%	
Financial expenses	-36	-13	-64.0%	-113	-51	-55.1%	Financial expenses decreased substantially due to a 14.2% reduction in short-term loans and a favorable interest rate environment.
SG&A	-872	-948	8.6%	-2,579	-3,089	19.8%	SG&A/Net revenue dropped to 13.3% in 3Q2024, as PNJ focused on promoting new collections and accelerating its store network expansion.
Operating income/loss	316	315	-0.4%	1,692	1,788	5.7%	<u>,</u>
Profit before tax (PBT)	313	318	1.5%	1,693	1,787	5.6%	
Net profit after tax (NPAT)	253	216	-14.8%	1,340	1,382	3.2%	Lower NPAT in 3Q2024 was due to a 70% YoY rise in
NP after MI	253	216	-14.8%	1,340	1,382	3.2%	corporate income tax. PNJ melted outdated inventory into pure gold for reuse, but the inventory write-down
NPAT margin	3.6%	3.0%	-0.6ppts	5.7%	4.7%	-1.0ppts	was non-deductible, resulting in a tax liability exceeding accounting profit. Corporate income tax is expected to normalize in subsequent quarters.

Table 1. PNJ - 9M2024 business performance

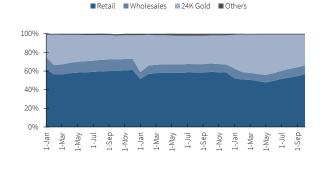
Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam

Fig 2. PNJ - Net revenue, GPM (VNDbn, %)



Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam

Fig 3. PNJ - Revenue composition (%)



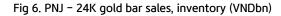
Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam

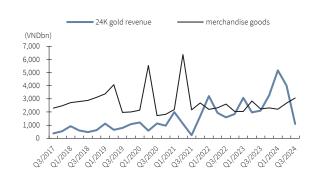


Fig 4. PNJ – Store count, average monthly sales per store (stores, VNDbn)



Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam

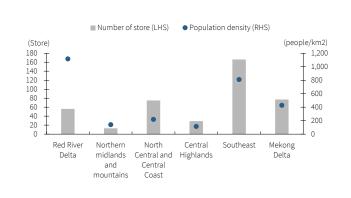




Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam

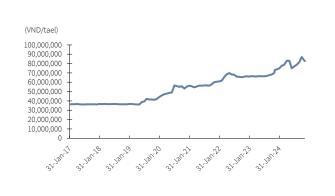
Retail sales remain PNJ's primary growth engine

Fig 5. PNJ – Store count & population density by region (stores, people/km²)



Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam

Fig 7. PNJ – Monthly SJC gold buying price in Hanoi (VND/tael)



Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam

In 10M2024, PNJ posted cumulative retail sales of VND18,257 billion, up 16.9% YoY, with its total store count reaching 421. We expect PNJ's retail sales to continue growing, with projections of VND22,869 billion (+18.6% YoY) in 2024 and VND25,995 billion (+13.7% YoY) in 2025, driven by the company's ongoing expansion opportunities. PNJ plans to open 25 and 35 new stores in 2024 and 2025, respectively, representing an increase of 6 and 5 stores compared to previous projections. This is largely due to: (1) PNJ's relatively low presence in the northern region, with only 56 stores in the Red River Delta (Figure 5), the country's most densely populated area (1,115 people/km²). In this region, PNJ has only 2-3 stores per province (excluding Hanoi). In the northern midlands and mountainous provinces, the average is just 1-2 stores per province, while in the Southeastern region, with the second-highest population density, the average is 11 stores per province (excluding Ho Chi Minh City). In Central and Southern Vietnam, there are 5-6 stores on average. As a result, KBSV anticipates significant expansion for PNJ in this promising northern region. (2) PNJ ramped up its store openings in 3Q2024 (Figure 4), opening 13 new stores, nearly three times the number in the first half of 2024. KBSV believes PNJ is focused on increasing its market share following the recent government regulations tightening the management of gold businesses, which have impacted less transparent players in the sector.



Gold businesses are facing challenges in sourcing supply due to: (1) the government's tightening of gold business regulations. Specifically, from June 15, 2024, any entity failing to implement electronic invoicing connected to the tax authorities for gold transactions will have its operating license revoked. Concurrently, the General Department of Customs has instructed customs agencies to enhance inspections and enforcement to prevent smuggling, commercial fraud, and illegal gold transport. (2) Gold prices remain elevated due to recent global geopolitical instability, prompting widespread gold stockpiling. PNJ sources its gold from two main channels: customers who purchased gold jewelry or bars from PNJ and wish to sell them back, and small retail gold businesses or occasional customers. The current situation impacts both channels as follows:

For the retail segment, KBSV assesses that the scarcity of gold supply will not significantly impact PNJ's operations in 2024 and 2025, as: (1) PNJ repurchases gold jewelry at approximately 70% of the original invoice value, insulating it from fluctuations in the gold market. (2) PNJ offers a broad range of gold jewelry, from 8K to 24K, with the public predominantly stockpiling 24K gold due to its high purity. (3) With 36 years of experience in the gold business, PNJ is well–prepared with contingency plans for scenarios of limited supply. The company has confirmed that it has secured sufficient raw materials for its jewelry factories until the end of 2024. In 2025, PNJ plans to restructure its product portfolio toward items with lower gold content, recycle slow–moving jewelry into new pieces, and encourage customers to sell their jewelry back.

bars isFor the 24K gold bar segment, KBSV forecasts that supply may be insufficient in
2025. While PNJ's inventory reached VND3,060 billion at the end of 3Q2024
(14.9% higher than the 4-year average), the difficulties outlined above suggest
that the amount of gold bars PNJ repurchases from individuals and small gold
businesses will not improve in 2025. Recently, the Vietnam Gold Trading
Association proposed eliminating the gold bar monopoly, allowing three
companies, Doji, SJC, and PNJ, to import raw gold. However, the feasibility of
this proposal requires further monitoring, as the Vietnamese government's
long-term goal is to prevent the "goldization" of the economy and maintain
macroeconomic stability.

The retail segment has not experienced supply shortages

The supply of 24K gold bars is constrained

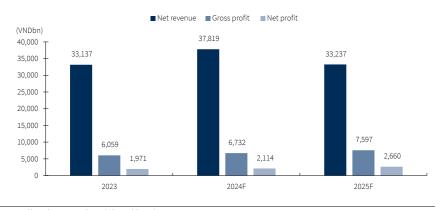
Forecast

Table 8. PNJ - 2923A-2025F business performance

(VNDbn)	2023A	2024F	+/-%YoY	2025F	+/-%YoY	Notes
Revenue	33,137	37,819	14.1%	33,237	-12.1%	
- Retail sales	19,286	22,869	18.6%	25,995	13.7%	 In 2025, average monthly revenue per store should increase by 7% YoY, The number of new stores opened is expected to reach 25 and 35 in 2024 and 2025, respectively.
– 24K gold bar sales	10,438	11,273	8.0%	3,382	-70.0%	24K gold bar sales are projected to decline by 70% YoY in 2025 due to anticipated supply shortages.
- Wholesale sales	2,850	3,676	29.0%	3,860	5.0%	Wholesale revenue is expected to rise as wholesale customers shift towards established and transparent manufacturers like PNJ.
Gross profit	6,059	6,732	11.1%	7,597	12.8%	Profit margins are expected to improve
Gross profit margin	18.3%	17.8%	-0.5ppts	22.9%	5.1ppts	in the near term due to decreased contribution from gold bar sales.
Financial income	97.83	117.49	20.1%	107	-9.3%	
Financial expenses	-143	-92	-35.5%	-111	21.1%	
SG&A	-3,530	-4,092	15.9%	-4,315	5.5%	
Profit before tax (PBT)	2,488.76	2,665.66	7.1%	3,277	22.9%	
Net profit after tax (NPAT)	1,971	2,076	5.3%	2,619	26.2%	
NP after MI	1,971	2,076	5.3%	2,619	26.2%	
NPAT margin	5.9%	5.5%	-0.5ppts	7.9%	2.4ppts	

Source: KB Securities Vietnam

Fig 9. PNJ - 2023A-2025F business performance



Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam



Valuation

We upgrade PNJ to BUY with a target price of VND115,100/share

We use a combination of the discounted cash flow (DCF) and comparative methods to determine a fair target price for PNJ in 2025.

- For the DCF method, we apply the free cash flow to the firm (FCFF) approach with the assumptions outlined below. This yields a target price of VND110,800 per share for PNJ.
- 2) For the comparative method, we use a target P/E ratio of 15x, in line with the 3-year average P/E. With earnings per share (EPS) for 2025 projected at VND7,980, the target price based on this method is VND119,400 per share.

By assigning equal weight (50–50) to each valuation method, we recommend a BUY for PNJ, with a target price of VND115,100, representing an 18.9% upside from the closing price on December 11, 2024.

Fig 10. PNJ - P/E in 2022-2024



Source: Bloomberg, KB Securities Vietnam

Table 11. PNJ - FCFF model assumptions

Target price (VND/share)			110,802
WACC	10.22%	Number of shares outstanding	328,169,188
Duration	6 years	Equity value (VNDbn)	36,362
Terminal growth	2.0%	Total debt (VNDbn)	2,227
Beta	0.87	Short term investments (VNDbn)	665
Risk-free rate	4.70%	Cash & cash equivalents (VNDbn)	2,271
After-tax cost of debt	3.17%	Present value of FCFF (VNDbn)	35,653
Cost of equity	11.52%	Present value of terminal value (VNDbn)	26,294

Source: KB Securities Vietnam

PNJ - 2022A-2025F financials

Income Statement				
(VND billion)	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
Net sales	33,876	33,137	37,819	33,237
Cost of sales	-27,949	-27,078	-31,087	-25,640
Gross Profit	5,927	6,059	6,732	7,597
Financial income	54	98	117	107
Financial expenses	-141	-143	-92	-111
of which: interest expenses	-94	-119	-92	-111
Gain/(loss) from joint ventures (from 2015)	0	0	0	0
Selling expenses	-2,828	-2,836	-3,220	-2,816
General and admin expenses	-674	-694	-872	-1,498
Operating profit/(loss)	2,337	2,484	2,666	3,277
Other incomes	9	12	0	0
Other expenses	-34	-7	0	0
Net other income/(expenses)	42	19	0	0
Income from investments in other entities	0	0	0	0
Net accounting profit/(loss) before tax	2,380	2,503	2,666	3,277
Corporate income tax expenses	-502	-518	-590	-658
Net profit/(loss) after tax	1,811	1,971	2,076	2,619
Minority interests	0	0	0	0
Attributable to parent company	1,811	1,971	2,076	2,619

Margin ratio	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
Gross profit margin	17.5%	18.3%	17.8%	22.9%
EBITDA margin	7.3%	8.1%	7.6%	10.5%
EBIT margin	7.1%	7.9%	7.3%	10.2%
Pre-tax profit margin	6.8%	7.5%	7.0%	9.9%
Operating profit margin	6.9%	7.5%	7.0%	9.9%
Net profit margin	5.3%	5.9%	5.5%	7.9%

Balance Sheet				
(VND billion)	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
TOTAL ASSETS	13,337	14,428	15,646	16,541
CURRENT ASSETS	11,966	12,958	13,449	14,497
Cash and cash equivalents	880	896	1,260	2,271
Short-term investments	200	810	756	665
Accounts receivable	301	215	250	224
Inventories	10,506	10,941	11,072	11,239
LONG-TERM ASSETS	1,371	1,469	2,197	2,044
Long-term trade receivables	94	105	245	216
Fixed assets	882	883	866	870
Long-term incomplete assets	31	29	30	32
LIABILITIES	4,893	4,621	4,939	4,527
Current liabilities	4,883	4,612	4,939	4,526
Trade accounts payable	277	257	427	354
Advances from customers	222	215	266	233
Short-term borrowings	2,683	2,384	2,298	2,227
Long-term liabilities	10	9	0	0
Long-term trade payables	0	0	0	0
Unrealized revenue	0	0	0	0
Long-term borrowings	0	0	0	0
OWNER'S EQUITY	8,444	9,806	10,707	12,014
Paid-in capital	2,462	3,282	3,282	3,282
Share premium	2,251	1,851	1,851	1,851
Undistributed earnings	2,522	2,740	3,640	4,948
Capital and other funds	1,209	1,933	1,933	1,933
Minority interests	0	0	0	0

(VND billion)	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
Net profit/(loss) before tax	2,312	2,489	2,666	3,277
Depreciation and amortisation	80	81	118	112
Profit/loss from investing activities	-21	-80	0	0
Interest expense	94	119	92	111
Operating profit/(loss) before changes in Working Capital	2,460	2,610	2,876	3,501
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	-52	39	-30	26
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	-1,753	-437	-127	-167
Increase/(decrease) in payables	77	92	368	-284
(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses	-60	-104	0	0
Trading securities, interest expenses, taxes and others	-571	-693	-436	17
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from operating activities	101	1,508	1,969	2,322
Purchases of fixed assets and other long term assets	-52	-83	-244	-87
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	1	2	0	0
Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments	-540	-2,240	0	0
Collection of loans, proceeds from sales of debts instruments	200	1,680	54	92
Investments in other entities	0	-4	-155	0
Proceeds from divestment in other entities	0	0	0	67
Dividends and interest received	20	66	0	0
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from investing activities	-371	-578	-345	71
Proceeds from issue of shares	1,447	0	0	0
Payments for share returns and repurchases	0	0	0	0
Proceeds from borrowings	6,261	8,159	-86	-71
Repayment of borrowings	-6,300	-8,458	0	0
Finance lease principal payments Dividends paid	0 -617	0 -615	0 -1,175	0 -1,311
Interests, dividends, profits received	0	0	0	0
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from financing activities	792	-914	-1,261	-1,382
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	522	15	363	1,011
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	355	880	896	1,260
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	880	896	1,260	2,271

Key ratios				
(x, %, VND)	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
Multiple				
P/E	16.1	16.0	15.2	12.1
P/E diluted	16.1	16.0	15.2	12.1
P/B	3.7	3.4	3.1	2.8
P/S	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.0
P/Tangible Book	3.7	3.4	3.1	2.8
P/Cash Flow	11.9	12.1	18.0	11.5
EV/EBITDA	12.8	12.6	11.8	9.7
EV/EBIT	13.3	13.0	12.3	10.0

Operating performance				
ROE%	21.4	20.1	19.4	21.8
ROA%	13.6	13.7	13.3	15.8
ROIC%	23.5	23.1	23.5	28.3
Financial structure				
Cash Ratio	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7
Quick Ratio	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Current Ratio	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.6
LT Debt/Equity	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LT Debt/Total Assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Debt/Equity	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Debt/Total Assets	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
ST Liabilities/Equity	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4
ST Liabilities/Total Assets	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total Liabilities/Equity	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4
Total Liabilities/Total Assets	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
Activity ratios				
Account Receivable Turnover	2.9	2.5	2.8	2.3
Inventory Turnover	70.7	124.0	110.6	85.2
Account Payable Turnover	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.0

Source: Phu Nhuan Jewelry, KB Securities Vietnam



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Investment ratings & definitions

Investment Ratings for Stocks

(based on expectations for absolute price gains over the next 6 months)			
Buy:	Neutral:	Sell:	
+15% or more	+15% to -15%	-15% or more	

Investment Ratings for Sectors

(based on expectations for absolute price gains over the next 6 months)				
Positive:	Neutral:	Negative:		
Outperform the market	Perform in line with the market	Underperform the market		

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