

# Vietcombank (VCB)

# Exceptional growth in 1Q22

May 31, 2022

Analyst Le Hanh Quyen quyenlh@kbsec.com.vn

1Q22 NPAT was VND11,976 billion (+18.8% YoY)

In 1Q22, Vietcombank (VCB) posted net interest income (NII) of VND11,976 billion, up 18.8% YoY; NPAT of VND7,967 billion (+15.3% YoY), with the main driving force coming from high credit growth of 18.7% YoY and NIM up 24 bps QoQ to 3.39%.

NPL ratio was 0.81%, with a high LLCR of 373%

NPL ratio in 1Q22 reached 0.81%, up 18 bps QoQ and down 7bps YoY. VCB continued to promote provisioning in 1Q22, helping the loan loss coverage ratio (LLCR) reach 373%, the highest in the banking system.

VCB revealed business plan and dividend payment plan in 2022

VCB targets PBT growth of no less than 12% YoY, total assets up 8% YoY, outstanding credit up 15%, and deposit growth of 9%. NPL ratio should be below 1.5%. VCB plans to pay stock dividends from retained earnings in 2019 and 2020 at 18.1%.

VCB will benefit from taking over a weak credit institution

VCB will benefit from the takeover of a weak bank: (1) It enables increased growth rates of assets, credit, and branch networks, thereby improving competitiveness; (2) the State Bank (SBV) will not limit credit growth if VCB meets the required capital adequacy ratio; and (3) customer loans may exceed 15%/25% of VCB's core capital.

We recommend BUY for VCB shares with a target price of VND95,000

Based on valuation results, business outlook, and possible risks, we recommend BUY for VCB shares. The target price is VND95,000/share, 25.7% higher than the closing price on May 24, 2022.

# Buu maintain

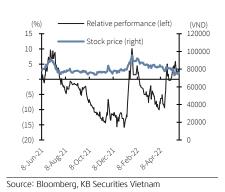
Target price	VND95,000
Upside/Downside	25.7%
Current price (May 24, 2022)	VND75,600
Consensus target price	VND94,800
Market cap	357,800

Trading data	
Free float	25.2%
3M avg trading value (VNDbn/USDmn)	129.6/5.7
Foreign ownership	6.4%
Major shareholder	State Bank
	(74.8%)

Share price perf	ormance			
(%)	1M	3M	6M	12M
Absolute	-7.2	-11.0	-1.8	-3.5
Relative	1.5	6.8	13.0	3.0

Forecast earnings &	&	valuation
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2000							
FY-end	2020A	2021A	2022F	2023F			
Net revenue (VNDbn)	36,285	42,400	47,991	56,896			
Pre-provision operating income	33,024	39,149	43,590	51,106			
(VNDbn)							
NPAT of the parent bank (VNDbn)	18,451	21,919	26,839	34,180			
EPS (VND)	4,975	5,116	5,609	6,789			
EPS growth (%)	0%	3%	10%	21%			
PER (x)	17.1	16.6	15.1	12.5			
Book value per share (VND)	25,370	29,421	30,662	36,425			
PBR (x)	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.3			
ROE (%)	21%	22%	21%	21%			
Dividend yield (%)	1%	1%	1%	1%			



# **Business performance**

1Q22 NPAT reached VND7,967 billion, up 15.3% YoY

In 1Q22, VCB achieved positive business results with NII reaching VND11,976 billion (+18.8% YoY) and service fees of VND2,711 billion (-21.1% YoY since VCB has not yet recorded upfront fees under bancassurance agreement). As a result, NPAT reached VND7,967 billion (+15.3% YoY) on TOI of VND16,733 billion (+6.7% YoY).

Credit growth expanded by 18.7% YoY and 7.0% QoQ

Outstanding loans continued to improve in 1Q22 (+7.1% QoQ, +18.0% YoY) while outstanding corporate bonds contributed only a humble proportion to the total credit of 1.1%, helping the outstanding credit in 1Q22 hit VND1,040,591 billion (+18.7% YoY, +7.0% QoQ).

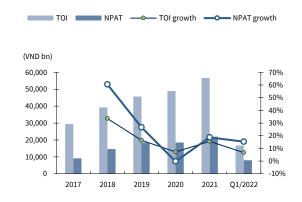
NIM in 1Q22 was driven by relatively low capital costs and improved yield on earning assets Over the last quarter, NIM grew by 24 bps QoQ to 3.39% (Figure 3), supported by: (1) relatively low cost of capital amidst low deposit interest rates. Specifically, the average earnings yield was 2.3% (flat QoQ) thanks to the CASA ratio of 33.7% (+83.3 bps QoQ) (Figure 4); and (2) yield on earning assets up 21bps QoQ to 5.5%. VCB restructured assets, making the LDR improve by 2.6% QoQ to 87.2% in the context that businesses boost borrowing to finance production and business activities in the new normal of the economy.

Fig 1. VCB - NII, service fees (VNDbn, %YoY)



Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

Fig 2. VCB - TOI, NPAT (VNDbn, %YoY)

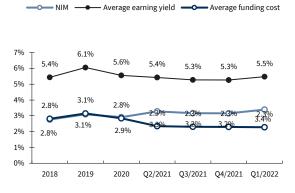


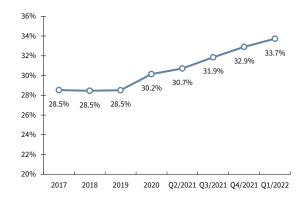
Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

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# Fig 3. VCB - Interest rates, NIM (%)

# Fig 4. VCB - CASA ratio (%)





Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

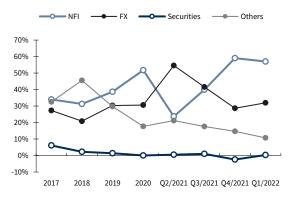
Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

# 1Q22 NOII reached VND4,088 billion (+25.7% YoY and +44.7% QoQ)

In the first three months of 2022, service fees reached VND2,711 billion (+12.3% QoQ, -21.1%YoY) since VCB did not record upfront fees under a bancassurance agreement. Foreign currency trading brought in VND1,522 billion (+46.0% YoY). Besides, net other income reached VND483 billion (-52% YoY), making NOII achieve only VND4,758 billion, down 10.9% YoY. Over the last five years, VCB's NII/TOI ratio has remained around 71%-76% (Figure 6).

Fig 5. VCB - NOII breakdown (%)

Fig 6. VCB - NII/TOI (%)



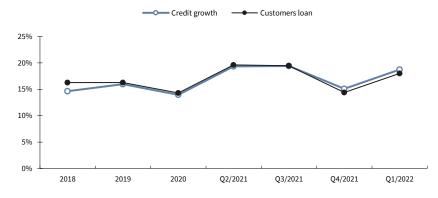


Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

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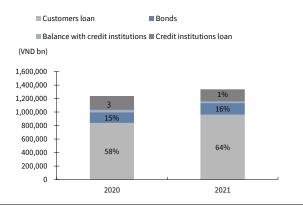
1Q22 credit growth reached 18.7% YoY

Fig 7. VCB - Credit growth, customers loan (%YoY)



Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

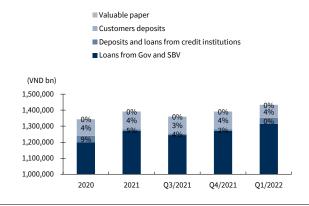
Fig 8. VCB - Yield on earning assets (%)



Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

VCB is among the banks with the best asset quality, with its bad debt ratio remaining below 1.0%

Fig 9. VCB - Deposits (VNDbn)

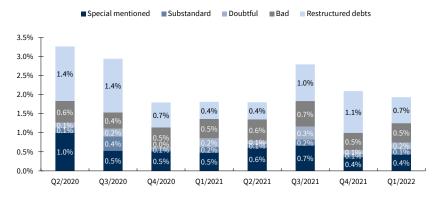


Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

The NPL ratio in 1Q22 was 0.81% (+18 bps QoQ, -7 bps YoY) due to a sharp rise in subprime (+96.1% QoQ) and doubtful debts (+75.2% QoQ). The LLCR reached 373%, the highest in the banking system, which will help VCB reduce provisioning pressures in the coming time. Restructured debts in 1Q22 were VND7,000 billion (-33.3% QoQ) or 0.7% of total outstanding loans. Besides, provisions increased from VND1,945 trillion in 1Q21 to VND5,156 billion in 1Q22 (+165% YoY). However, provision expense for credit losses remained low at VND2,273 billion (flat YoY, +39% QoQ), mainly due to the reversal of VND3,000 billion in provision expenses for loans to the Construction Bank as shared by the management at the April 29 AGM.

We assess VCB's asset quality to be among the best in the banking system, with its bad debt ratio remaining below 1.0% (Figure 10). Furthermore, VCB has made all provisions required for restructured debts in 2021, thereby boosting the earnings growth in 2022.

Fig 10. VCB - Groups of debt (%)



Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

1Q22 NPL ratio remains below 1%

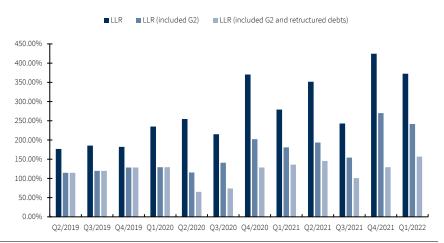
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The LLCR reached 373%, the highest in the banking system

Stable credit cost at around 1.3% and high LLCR may help reduce provisioning pressures in the future

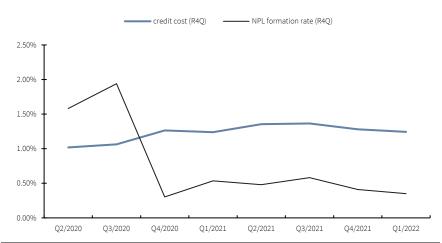
VCB continued to promote provisioning, consistent with strong credit growth. However, VCB did not record the use of provisions for bad debt handling in 1Q22.

# Fig 11. VCB - LLR (%)



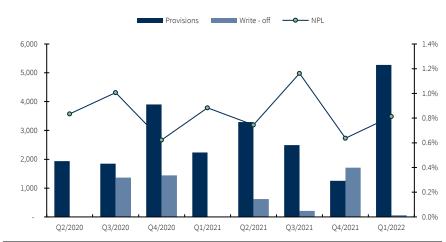
Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

Fig 12. VCB - Credit cost & NPL formation rate (%)



Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

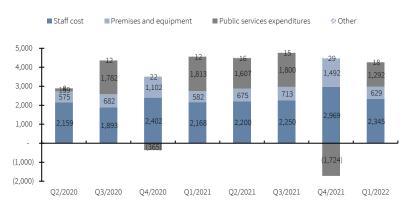
Fig 13. VCB - Provisions, written-off debts, NPL (VNDbn, %)



Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

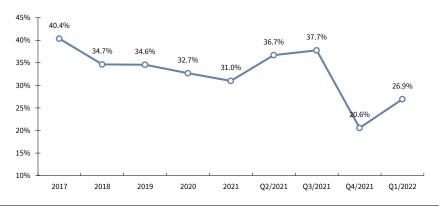
CIR reached 26.9% (+6.4% pts QoQ) due to rising public services expenditures General and administrative expenses were VND4,509 billion (+47.5% QoQ, – 5.65% YoY), mainly due to rising public services expenditures, from -VND1.724 billion to VND1,292 billion. However, staff costs fell by 21% QoQ thanks to effective cost control, helping CIR reach 26.9% (+6.4 ppts QoQ). VCB is still among the banks with the lowest CIR in the system.

Fig 14. VCB - Operating expense (VNDbn)



Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

Fig 15. VCB - CIR (%)



Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

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# VCB revealed business plan and dividend payment plan in 2022

For 2022, VCB targets PBT growth of at least 12%, exceeding VND30,675 billion. Total assets are expected to be VND1,530,000 billion, up 8% YoY. Outstanding credit may increase by 15% to VND1,120,000 billion, according to the credit cap assigned by the SBV, and deposit growth should advance 9% to VND1,237,500 billion. The consolidated NPL ratio is less than 1.5%. In addition, VCB plans to pay stock dividends in 2021 from retained earnings in 2019 and 2020 at 18,1%.

KBSV assesses that VCB can fulfill its business plan, supported by the following reasons: (1) Businesses and individuals may step up borrowing to recover from the pandemic; (2) VCB should take advantage of CASA; and (3) good asset quality and high LLCR will help reduce provisioning pressures in 2022.

# VCB will benefit from taking over a weak credit institution

VCB will benefit from acquiring a weak bank under the restructuring scheme of the SBV:

- The SBV would not limit the annual credit growth of VCB if VCB meets the capital adequacy ratio as prescribed.
- It enables increased growth rates of assets, credit, and branch networks, thereby improving competitiveness.
- Customer loans may exceed 15%/25% of VCB's core capital. VCB can lend to key projects in foreign currencies in the medium and long term. VCB can also lend to international credit projects while handling accumulated losses of the weak bank.
- After restructuring the weak bank, VCB can consolidate, maintain it as a subsidiary bank, or sell it to another credit institution.
- VCB can pay stock dividends from the retained earnings after setting aside funds to raise equity capital during the years of handling accumulated losses of the weak credit institution.

Along with that, according to current regulations, VCB is not required to:

- Consolidate the weak credit institution into its financial statements.
- Contribute capital to the weak credit institution while handling its accumulated losses.
- Be responsible for the liquidity and financial obligations of the credit institution under the restructuring scheme of the SBV.

# Forecast & Valuation

# 2022F business results

We make our forecast for VCB in 2022F as follows:

- Credit growth should expand by 13.8% YoY as businesses step up borrowing to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic.
- We adjust NIM to 3.2%, up 10bps compared to the previous forecast, with the expectation that VCB will still take advantage of the improved CASA ratio to make up for reduced liquidity which can make input costs increase slightly.
- NOII may increase slightly by 4.4% YoY with the momentum coming from the bancassurance revenue and foreign currency trading.
- $\,$  NPL ratio should be under 1.0%, thanks to good asset quality and decreased provisioning pressures.
- Provision expense is expected at VND 9,873 billion as VCB promoted provisioning in 2021 despite good asset quality.
- We forecast NPAT to be VND26,974 billion, up 22.9% YoY.

Table 18, VCB - 2022E-2023E business results

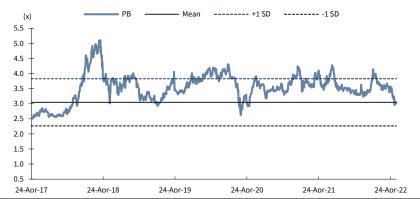
VAID be	2021 4	20225	20275	%YoY	%YoY
VND bn	2021A	2022F	2023F	2022	2023
Net interest income	42,400	47,991	56,896	13%	19%
Service fees	7,407	7,440	8,244	0%	11%
Total operating income	56,724	62,271	71,980	10%	16%
Provision expense	-11,761	-9,873	-8,167	-16%	-17%
NPAT	21,939	26,974	34,351	23%	27%
NIM	3.15%	3.22%	3.32%		
Average earnings yield	5.26%	5.76%	6.01%		
Average cost of funds	2.30%	2.80%	3.01%		
CIR	32.70%	31.00%	31.00%	-5%	0%
NPL	0.62%	1.00%	1.00%	61%	0%
Total assets	1,327,537	1,450,927	1,646,848	9%	14%
Equity	98,859	120,348	148,862	22%	24%

Source: KB Securities Vietnam

We recommend BUY for VCB shares with a target price of VND95,000 We use the P/B valuation method to find a fair price for VCB stock. We expect high earnings growth combined with the capital increase plan through private placement by the end of 2022 will help VCB expand credit growth in the future. As a leading bank with good asset quality, we give VCB's end-2022 target P/B of 3.1x, equivalent to VCB's five-year average P/B, lower than our previous forecast of 3.4x, reflecting concerns over rising inflation and its adverse effects on the banking system (Figure 19).

Based on the P/B valuation method, we reiterate our BUY recommendation for VCB shares with a target price of VND95,000 per share, 25.7% higher than the closing price on May 24, 2022. VCB is a potential stock to invest in in the medium and long term, in our view.

# Fig 19. VCB - P/B (x)



Source: Bloomberg, KB Securities Vietnam

# VCB - 2019A-2023E financials

ENG IncomeStatement						Balance Sheet					
(VNDbn)	2019	2020	2021	2022F	2025F	(VNDbn)	2019	2020	2021	2022F	2025
Net interest income	54,577	55,255	42,400	47,991	56,596	Loans	724,290	820,645	954,774	1,067,665	1,215,000
Interest income	67,724	69,205	70,749	85,795	102,957	Marketa ble securiti es	1,801	1,954	2,766	3,010	4,122
Interest expense	(55,147)	(52,920)	(28, 549)	(57,805)	(48,041)	Cash (ex. Reserves)	15,778	15,095	18,012	19,415	22,151
Fees & commissions	4,507	6,607	7,407	7,440	8,244	Interest earning assets	1,191,721	1,501,421	1,556,624	1,592,159	1,855,765
Other non-interest income	5,070	1,500	2,595	2,525	2,525	Fixed assets & other assets	51,067	50,595	59,941	00,150	40,094
Total operating income	45,750	49,053	56,724	62,271	71,980	Total accets	1,222,719	1,525,250	1,414,675	1,810,418	1,355,955
SG&A expenses	(15,515)	(10,058)	(17, 574)	(15,551)	(20,874)	Customer deposits	925,451	1,052,114	1,155,524	1,294,187	1,475,575
Pre-provisioning OP	29,915	55,024	50, 540	43,590	51,105	Borrowings & cell money/repos	21,404	21,507	17,595	15,951	21,485
Provision for credit losses	(6,790)	(9,975)	(11,751)	(9,873)	(8,167)	Interest bearing liabilities	1,115,555	1,195,151	1,271,945	1,450,500	1,630,235
Other income	5,428	2,845	5, 100	5,100	5,100	Other liabilities	25,995	55,954	35,610	55,400	40, 525
Other expense	(555)	(744)	(707)	(775)	(775)	Total liabilities	1,141,858	1,252,155	1,505,555	1,465,700	1,670,561
Pre-tex income	25,122	25,050	27,559	55,717	42,959	Charter capital	57,059	57,089	57,059	47,549	50,540
Incometax expense	(4,596)	(4,577)	(5,480)	(6,743)	(8,588)	Capital surplus	4,995	4,995	4,995	4,995	4,995
NP	18,525	18,473	21,959	25,974	34,351	Retained earnings	25,055	56,650	45,454	75,272	109,450
Minority interest profit	(15)	(21)	(20)	(135)	(172)	Capital adjustments		2000			5-0
						Total shareholders' equity	rest Serv	reportision.	70000000	70000000	153, 398
Parent NP	18,511	15,451	21,919	25,559	54,150	otal charenolders equity	80,853	94,095	109,117	146,716	145,546
Financial Indicators	18,511	15,461	21,919	28,859	54,180	Valuation	90,003	94,095	109,117	140,710	100,000
Financial Indicators	2019	15,451	21,019	20,539	34,180 2025F		2019	2020	2021	140,716	
Financi al Indicators 194) Profit ability						Valuation (WD, X, 9s) Share Price Indicators					2025F
Financial Indicators (%) Profit ability ROE	2019	2020		2022F		Valuation (MND, X, %) Share Price indicators EPS					
Financial Indicators (9s) Profit ability	2019	2020	2021	2022F	2025F	Valuation (WD, X, 9s) Share Price Indicators	2019	2020	2021	2022F	2025F
Financial Indicators (%) Profit ability ROE	2019	2020	2021	2022F	2025F	Valuation (MND, X, %) Share Price indicators EPS	2010	2020	2021	2022F 5,600	2025F
Financial Indicators (%) Profitability ROE ROA	2019 25.9% 1.6%	2020 21.1% 1.4%	2021 21.6%	2022F 21.1% 1.8%	2025F 20,8% 2,0%	Valuation (VND, X, %) Ener Price Indicators ENPS	2019	2020 4,975 25,570	2021 5,110 29,421	2022F 5,609 50,662	2025F 6,750 56,425
Financial Indicators (%) Profit shility ROE ROE Pre-provision ROE	2019 25.9% 1.0% 53.5%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.2%	2021 21.6% 1.6% 30.6%	2022F 21.1% 1.5% 27.5%	2025F 20.896 2.096 24.896	Valuation (MND, X, %) Share Price Indicators EPS BUPS Tangible BVPS	2019	2020 4,975 25,570	2021 5,110 29,421	2022F 5,609 50,662	2025F 6,750 56,425
Financial Indicators (%) Profit shilley ROE ROA Preprovision ROE Preprovision ROA	25.9% 1.9% 53.5% 21.1%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.2% 2.1%	2021 21.6% 1.6% 20.6% 2.5%	2022F 21.1% 1.5% 27.5%	2028F 20.8% 2.0% 24.8% 2.4%	Valuation (VND, X, %) Ener Price Indicators BVPS Tempite BVPS Valuations	2019 4,001 21,005 21,195	2020 4,975 25,370 24,527	5,110 29,411 25,592	2022F 5,609 50,662 20,679	2025F 6,759 56,425 56,765
Financial Indicators (%) Proofs billity ROE ROE ROE Pre-provision ROE Pre-provision ROE Notice the margin (NIM)	25.9% 1.9% 53.5% 21.1%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.2% 2.1%	2021 21.6% 1.6% 20.6% 2.5%	2022F 21.1% 1.5% 27.5%	2028F 20.8% 2.0% 24.8% 2.4%	Valuation (MND, X, %) Share Price Indicators EPS BVPS Tangible B/PS Valuations PER	2019 4,001 21,505 21,195	2020 4,975 25,570 24,527	0011 5,116 29,421 28,592	2022F 5,009 50,662 29,679	2025F 6,795 35,425 55,783 12.5 2.5
Financial Indicators (%) Proprid shillity ROE ROA Proprovision ROE Proprovision ROA Nati interest margin (NIM) Efficiency	2019 25,9% 1,6% 53,5% 2,1% 5,1%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.2% 2.1% 2.0%	2021 21.6% 1.6% 20.0% 2.5% 5.2%	2022F 21.1% 1.5% 27.5% 2.5% 5.2%	2025F 20,5% 2,6% 24,6% 2,4% 3,5%	Valuation (VND, X, %) Share Price Indicators BVS Temple Is BVPS Valuations PBR	2019 4,991 21,505 21,195 17.0 3.9	2020 4,979 25,370 24,527 17.1 3.5	2021 5,116 29,421 28,502 18.6 2.9	2022F 5,509 50,662 29,679 15.1 2.5	2025F 6,759 35,425 55,760 12.5 2.5 0,9%
Financial Indicators (%) Preprofitability ROE ROA Preprovision ROE Preprovision ROA Natinte with margin (NIM) Efficiency Pure Loan to deposit ratio Cost-incomeratio	20.09 25.0% 1.0% 25.5% 2.4% 5.1%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.2% 2.1% 2.9%	2021 21.6% 1.6% 20.6% 2.5% 3.2%	2022F 21.1% 1.6% 27.5% 2.5% 5.2%	2025F 20.8% 2.6% 24.5% 2.4% 3.5%	Valuation (MND, X, %) Share Price Indicators EPS BVPS Tangible B/PS Valuations PER PBR Dividend yield	2019 4,001 21,505 21,105 17.0 3.9 0.0%	2020 4,975 25,370 24,527 17.1 3.5 0,9%	2021 0,110 29,421 28,592 10.5 2.9 0.9%	2022F 5,009 50,662 29,979 15.1 2.5 0,9%	2025F 6,759 35,425 55,760 12.5 2.5 0,9%
Financial Indicators (%) Preprofitability ROE ROA Preprovision ROE Preprovision ROA Natinte with margin (NIM) Efficiency Pure Loan to deposit ratio Cost-incomeratio	20.09 25.0% 1.0% 25.5% 2.4% 5.1%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.2% 2.1% 2.9%	2021 21.6% 1.6% 20.6% 2.5% 3.2%	2022F 21.1% 1.6% 27.5% 2.5% 5.2%	2025F 20.8% 2.6% 24.5% 2.4% 3.5%	Valuation (VND, X, %)  Share Price Indicators  BVPS Temple BVPS Valuation PBR PBR Dividend yield ROE	2019 4,001 21,505 21,105 17.0 3.9 0.0%	2020 4,975 25,370 24,527 17.1 3.5 0,9%	2021 0,110 29,421 28,592 10.5 2.9 0.9%	2022F 5,009 50,662 29,979 15.1 2.5 0,9%	2025 F 6, 765 55, 425 55, 763 12.5 2.5 0, 9% 20.5%
Financial Indicators (%) Profit shilty ROE ROE ROE Pre-provision ROE Pre-provision ROE Pre-provision ROE Pre-provision ROE Pre-provision ROE Pre-provision ROE Cost-incomeratio Cost-incomeratio Crowth	2019 25.9% 3.5% 2.1% 3.1% 70.1% 54.6%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.2% 2.1% 2.9% 51.4% 52.7%	2024 21.6% 51.6% 50.6% 51.5% 51.5% 54.6%	2022F 21.5% 1.5% 27.5% 5.2% 5.2% 50.0%	2025F 20.5% 2.0% 24.5% 2.4% 3.5% 55.0% 20.0%	Veluation (WIO, X, %) Share Price Indicators EPS BYPS Tangible BYPS Valuations PER PER PER Dividend yield ROC Capital Adequacy	2019 4,001 21,000 21,100 17.0 3.0 0,0% 23,9%	2020 4,979 25,570 24,527 17.1 2.5 0,9% 21,1%	2001 5,110 20,421 20,592 10.5 2.0 0,6% 21,6%	2022F 5,000 50,052 20,979 15.1 2.5 0,9% 21.5%	2025 6, 755 55, 425 55, 735 12.5 2.5 0.9% 20.5%
Financial Indicators (%) Preprofitability ROE ROA Preprovision ROE Preprovision ROA Natinte with margin (NIM) Efficiency Pure Loan to deposit ratio Cost-incomarcio Growth Asset growth	2019 1.6% 1.6% 51.5% 2.1% 5.1% 70.1% 54.6%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.1% 2.1% 2.5% 51.7%	2024 21, 6% 5, 6% 50, 6% 5, 2% 6, 2% 54, 6% 54, 6% 6, 7%	2022F 21.1% 1.5% 2.5% 3.2% 5.2% 50.0%	20,3% 20,5% 2,5% 24,5% 3,5% 55,0% 20,0%	Veluation (VND, X, %) Share Price Indicators BVS BVS Tempible BVPS Veluations PBR Dividend yield ROE Capital Adequacy CAR	2019 4,001 21,000 21,100 17.0 3.0 0,0% 23,9%	2020 4,979 25,570 24,527 17.1 2.5 0,9% 21,1%	2001 5,110 20,421 20,592 10.5 2.0 0,6% 21,6%	2022F 5,000 50,052 20,979 15.1 2.5 0,9% 21.5%	2025F 6, 759 56, 425 55, 763 22,5 0,9% 20,5%
Financial Indicators (%)  Proposi ability  ROE  Proprovision ROE  Proprovision ROE  Indicator at margin (NIM)  Indicator at margin (NIM)  Castingmarstic  Growth  Assetgrowth  Loan growth	20.0% 1.0% 53.5% 53.5% 53.5% 54.6% 54.6% 44.6%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 50.2% 2.5% 51.4% 52.7% 6.5% 51.5%	2021 21, 6% 1, 6% 30, 6% 2, 5% 31, 6% 31, 6% 4, 6% 4, 6% 51, 6%	2022F 21.1% 1.5% 27.5% 5.2% 5.2% 50.0% 50.0%	2025F 20.8% 2.0% 24.5% 3.5% 55.0% 20.0% 15.1%	Valuation (MNO, X, %) Share Price Indicators EPS BVPS Tampible BVPS Valuations PER Dividend yield ROG Capital Adequator Capital Adequator AssetQuality	2019 4,001 21,000 21,100 17.0 3.9 0.0% 25,6%	2020 4,979 23,570 24,527 17.1 3.3 0,9% 21,4%	2024 5,110 29,421 25,902 15.6 2.9 0,9% 21,6%	2022F 5,000 50,002 20,000 15.1 2.5 0.6% 21.5%	2025F 6,730 35,425 35,733 12.5 2.3 2.9% 20.5%
Financial Indicators (%) Preprofability ROE ROA Preprovision ROE Preprovision RO, Net inter with margin (NIM) Efficiency Pursuan to deposit ratio Cost-incomeratio Growth Loan growth Loan growth Loan growth	20,5% 1,6% 5,5% 5,1% 5,1% 70,1% 54,6% 6,0,5% 6,0,5%	2020 21.1% 1.4% 20.2% 2.1% 2.5% 2.7% 81.5% 4.5% 4.5%	2021 21. 6% 1. 6% 20. 6% 2. 5% 3. 6% 3. 6% 4. 7% 5. 7% 5. 5% 5. 5%	2022F 21.1% 1.5% 2.5% 2.5% 5.0% 50.0% 13.5% 14.2%	2025F 20.5% 2.0% 2.4% 2.4% 3.5% 88.0% 18.1% 14.1%	Valuation (VND, X, %) Share Price Indicators BVS BVS Tempible BVPS Valuations PBR Dividend yield ROE Capital Adequator AssetQuality NPL ratio (substandard)	2019 4,000 21,000 21,105 17,0 3,9 0,0% 25,6% 10,0%	2020 4,978 25,570 24,527 17.1 2.3 0,9% 21,4% 9,5%	2021 0,110 29,421 25,592 12,6 0,6% 21,6% 10,0%	2002F 5,000 50,001 20,070 15.1 2.5 0,0% 2.1.5%	2025F 6,759 35,425 55,763

Source: Vietcombank, KB Securities Vietnam

# KB SECURITIES VIETNAM RESEARCH

Nguyen Xuan Binh Head of Research binhnx@kbsec.com.vn

Equity

Duong Duc Hieu Head of Equity Research hieudd@kbsec.com.vn

Nguyen Anh Tung Senior Analyst – Financials & Information Technology tungna@kbsec.com.vn

Pham Hoang Bao Nga
Senior Analyst - Real Estate, Construction & Materials
ngaphb@kbsec.com.vn

Luong Ngoc Tuan Dung Analyst – Retails & Consumers dungInt@kbsec.com.vn

Tieu Phan Thanh Quang
Analyst - Oil & Gas, Utilities
quangtpt@kbsec.com.vn

Nguyen Duc Huy

Analyst - Banks, Insurance & Securities
huynd1@kbsec.com.vn

Research Division research@kbsec.com.vn

Macro/Strategy

Tran Duc Anh Head of Macro & Strategy anhtd@kbsec.com.vn

Le Hanh Quyen

Analyst - Macroeconomics & Banks
quyenlh@kbsec.com.vn

Thai Huu Cong
Analyst - Strategy, Chemicals
congth@kbsec.com.vn

Tran Thi Phuong Anh
Analyst – Strategy, Fishery & Textiles
anhttp@kbsec.com.vn

# Support team

Nguyen Cam Tho Assistant thonc@kbsec.com.vn

Nguyen Thi Huong Assistant huongnt3@kbsec.com.vn

# **KB SECURITIES VIETNAM (KBSV)**

### Head Office:

Levels G, M, 2 & 7, Sky City Tower, 88 Lang Ha Street, Dong Da District, Hanoi, Vietnam Tel: (+84) 24 7303 5333 – Fax: (+84) 24 3776 5928

#### Hanoi Branch:

Level 1, VP Building, 5 Dien Bien Phu, Ba Dinh District, Hanoi, Vietnam Tel: (+84) 24 7305 3335 - Fax: (+84) 24 3822 3131

### Ho Chi Minh Branch:

Level 2, TNR Tower Nguyen Cong Tru, 180–192 Nguyen Cong Tru Street, District 1, HCMC, Vietnam Tel: (+84) 28 7303 5333 - Fax: (+84) 28 3914 1969

### Saigon Branch:

Level 1, Saigon Trade Center, 37 Ton Duc Thang, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, HCMC, Vietnam Tel: (+84) 28 7306 3338 – Fax: (+84) 28 3910 1611

### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

Institutional Client Center: (+84) 28 7303 5333 - Ext: 2656 Private Customer Care Center: (+84) 24 7303 5333 - Ext: 2276

Email: ccc@kbsec.com.vn Website: www.kbsec.com.vn

# Investment ratings & definitions

# **Investment Ratings for Stocks**

(based on expectations for absolute price gains over the next 6 months)

Buy:	Hold:	Sell:
+15% or more	+15% to -15%	-15% or more

### **Investment Ratings for Sectors**

(based on expectations for absolute price gains over the next 6 months)

Positive:	Neutral:	Negative:
Outperform the market	Perform in line with the market	Undernerform the market

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